



Hospital Name/Address
Presbyterian
Hospital of Dallas
 Texas Health Resources

8200 Walnut Hill Lane ☐
 Dallas, Texas 75231

Patient Name/Information

Patient name _____ ☐

☐

Medical Record # _____ ☐

☐

Date of Classification _____

Type of Specimen _____

Histopathologic Type _____

Tumor Size _____

DEFINITIONS

<i>Clinical</i>	<i>Pathologic</i>	Primary Tumor (T)	
☐	☐	TX	Primary tumor cannot be assessed
☐	☐	T0	No evidence of primary tumor
☐	☐	Tis	Carcinoma <i>in situ</i>
☐	☐	Ta	Non-invasive verrucous carcinoma
☐	☐	T1	Tumor invades subepithelial connective tissue
☐	☐	T2	Tumor invades corpus spongiosum or cavernosum
☐	☐	T3	Tumor invades urethra or prostate
☐	☐	T4	Tumor invades other adjacent structures
Regional Lymph Nodes (N)			
☐	☐	NX	Regional lymph nodes cannot be assessed
☐	☐	N0	No regional lymph node metastasis
☐	☐	N1	Metastasis in a single superficial inguinal lymph node
☐	☐	N2	Metastasis in multiple or bilateral superficial inguinal lymph nodes
☐	☐	N3	Metastasis in deep inguinal or pelvic lymph node(s), unilateral or bilateral
Distant Metastasis (M)			
☐	☐	MX	Distant metastasis cannot be assessed
☐	☐	M0	No distant metastasis
☐	☐	M1	Distant metastasis
Biopsy of metastatic site performed ☐ Y ☐ N			
Source of pathologic metastatic specimen _____			

Stage Grouping				
☐	☐	0	Tis	N0 M0
			Ta	N0 M0
☐	☐	I	T1	N0 M0
☐	☐	II	T1	N1 M0
			T2	N0 M0
			T2	N1 M0
☐	☐	III	T1	N2 M0
			T2	N2 M0
			T3	N0 M0
			T3	N1 M0
			T3	N2 M0
☐	☐	IV	T4	Any N M0
			Any T	N3 M0
			Any T	Any N M1

Histologic Grade (G)

- ☐ GX Grade cannot be assessed
- ☐ G1 Well differentiated
- ☐ G2 Moderately differentiated
- ☐ G3-4 Poorly differentiated or undifferentiated

Residual Tumor (R)

- ☐ RX Presence of residual tumor cannot be assessed
- ☐ R0 No residual tumor
- ☐ R1 Microscopic residual tumor
- ☐ R2 Macroscopic residual tumor

Additional Descriptors

For identification of special cases of TNM or pTNM classifications, the “m” suffix and “y,” “r,” and “a” prefixes are used. Although they do not affect the stage grouping, they indicate cases needing separate analysis.

- ☐ **m suffix** indicates the presence of multiple primary tumors in a single site and is recorded in parentheses: pT(m)NM.
- ☐ **y prefix** indicates those cases in which classification is performed during or following initial multimodality therapy. The cTNM or pTNM category is identified by a “y” prefix. The ycTNM or ypTNM categorizes the extent of tumor actually present at the time of that examination. The “y” categorization is not an estimate of tumor prior to multimodality therapy.
- ☐ **r prefix** indicates a recurrent tumor when staged after a disease-free interval, and is identified by the “r” prefix: rTNM.
- ☐ **a prefix** designates the stage determined at autopsy: aTNM.

Prognostic Indicators (if applicable)**Notes****Additional Descriptors****Lymphatic Vessel Invasion (L)**

- LX Lymphatic vessel invasion cannot be assessed
- L0 No lymphatic vessel invasion
- L1 Lymphatic vessel invasion

Venous Invasion (V)

- VX Venous invasion cannot be assessed
- V0 No venous invasion
- V1 Microscopic venous invasion
- V2 Macroscopic venous invasion

Staging Support Request: ☐

☐ Please fax staging form to my office for completion at fax # _____ ☐

☐ Please assign staging form to Dr. _____ ☐

☐ I am unable to stage at this time because workup is incomplete. Please return chart to me in 60 days. ☐

Physician initials _____ Date _____

☐

Staging Summary: T _____ N _____ M _____ Stage Group _____

Physician's Signature _____ Date _____